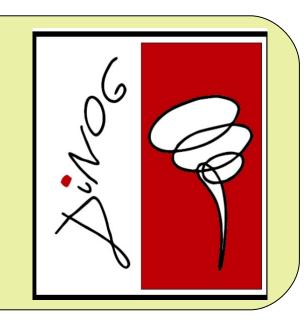


Acute onset of anti-Hu paraneoplastic limbic encephalitis responsive to Rituximab



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Paraneoplastic limbic encephalitis (PLE) typically presents with a subacute clinical onset and progression of symptoms within weeks to months. According to previous published series, only two cases of anti-Hu PLE symptoms with acute onset have been reported.

Despite aggressive immunosuppressive treatment, the neurological outcome of anti-Hu PLE is poor and only one case responsive to treatment with Rituximab is described in literature.

Herein, we report a case presenting with acute onset of anti-Hu PLE responsive to Rituximab

CLINICAL DATA Male, 69 years

2007 diagnosis of colic cancer, treated with CTX followed by surgical resection . 2008 diagnosis of prostate cancer, treated with radical prostatectomy On July 2012, he was admitted to the Neurologic Unit

for acute onset of confusional state and speech impairment, without fever

NEUROLOGICAL EXAMINATION

- alert but not oriented in space and in time
- MMSE score was 17/30, characterized by severe deficit of short and long term memory (both verbal and spatial), moderate attention and verbal fluency impairment.

NSE: 16.2 ng/ml (v.n 0-14.70)

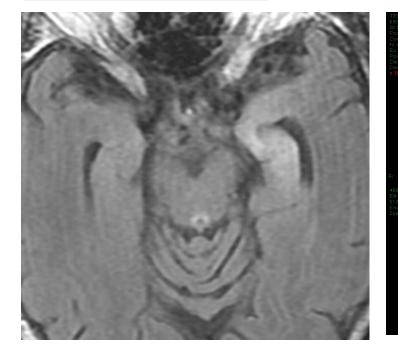
- no meningeal or cranial nerves signs were present
- modified Rankin Scale (mRS):5

CSF ANALYSIS

- pleocytosis (40 cells/mm3; lymphocytes: 90%)
- increased protein (600 mg/dL)
- oligoclonal bands (only on CSF)
- · HSV I-II, VZV, CMV, EBV, HHV6 DNA-PCR: negative

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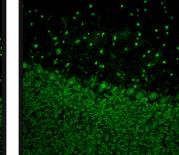


enhancingT2/FLAIR hyperintensity in medial temporal lobes, particularly in amygdalo-hyppocampal area, with a moderate swelling and slight diffusionrestricted signal on DWI sequences.

BLOOD TESTS

Unremarkable, except for:

+ Ab anti-Hu



Anti-Hu (ANNA1)

antigen: HuD, HuC, He I-N1, He I-N2

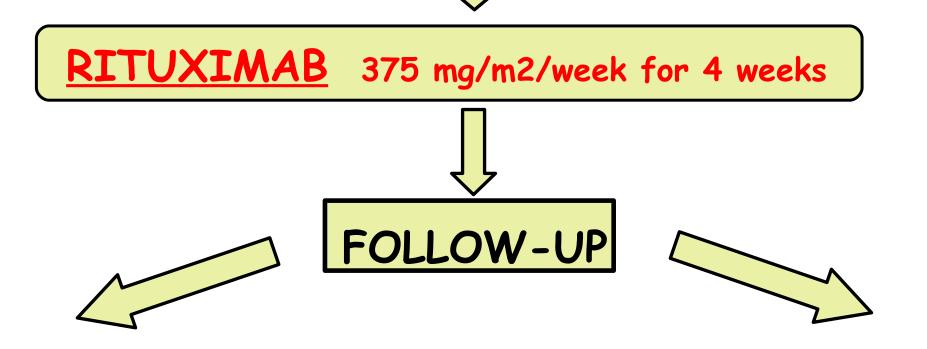
Paraneoplastic Limbic Encephalitis?

TOTAL BODY TC (JULY 2012): unremarkable TOTAL BODY PET (AUGUST 2012): unremarkable

Methylprednisolone 1 gr i.v + IVIg 0.4g/kG/die for 5 days

BRAIN MRI

b) 19-10-12



no improvement

TOTAL BODY TC (February 2013)

...in the retropharyngeal-perijugulare space, a mixed density mass (7x3.5 cm), probably referable to necrotic lymph node... biopsy

METASTASIS OF NEUROENDOCRINE CARCINOMA

CHEMIOTHERAPY Cisplatin + Vepesid q21 (III cycles)

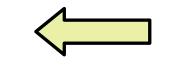
- September 2013: Paclitaxel (I cycle)

improvement in orientation, memory and verbal fluency

c) 14-06-13

- MMSE score 24/30
- mRS:3 (change RS:-2)

November 2013: exitus



decreasing of mesial temporal hyperintensity, even if with development of consensual atrophy

increase in size of the tumoral mass severe hyponatremia caused by SIADH

This is the third case of anti-Hu PLE presenting as acute encephalitis. Up to date, only two similar cases are described in literature.

Particularly, despite the aggressive oncological progression leading to death of the patient, a good

neuroradiological clinical and

a: axial FLAIR image shows left mesial

mesial temporal hyperintensity

at follow-up MRI examination

b: axial FLAIR image shows marked decreases of left

c: axial FLAIR image shows mesial temporal atrophy

temporal hyperintensity

as at the first exam

after two months

after ten months

response to Rituximab has been observed

increasing of 7 points in MMSE score and reduction of 2 points in mRS

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a) 08-08-12