

# DYSAUTONOMIC SYMPTOMS DUE TO PERIPHERAL NERVE INVOLVEMENT IN MYOTONIC DYSTROPHY TYPE 2 (DM2)

S Rossi\*, A Romano\*, A Modoni\*, TF Nicoletti\*, M Santoro\*, E Ricci\*, M Monforte\*, M Luigetti\*, MG Pomponi#, R Pietrobono#, G Silvestri\*.

Institute of Neurology\* and Human Genetics#, Catholic University of Sacred Heart, Fondazione Policlinico Gemelli, Rome.

## Introduction

A peripheral neuropathy has been only seldom described in DM2 patients. Here we report a father and his son affected by DM2 manifesting peripheral neuropathy with dysautonomic symptoms among their cardinal disease features.

## Patient 1

50 year-old male

•**Symptoms:** from age 36 erectile dysfunction. At age 37 episodes of cold sweating, palpitations and syncopes, but refused prophylactic ICD for severe ventricular tachyarrhythmias. Recently muscle stiffness and pain.

•**Neurological examination:** frontal balding, no muscle weakness or atrophy, reduced lower limbs deep tendon reflexes.

•**Blood tests:** CPK 719 UI/l (n.v. 20-200), hypogammaglobulinemia, normal glycemia, thyroid and sexual hormones.

•**EMG:** rare pseudomyotonic discharges.

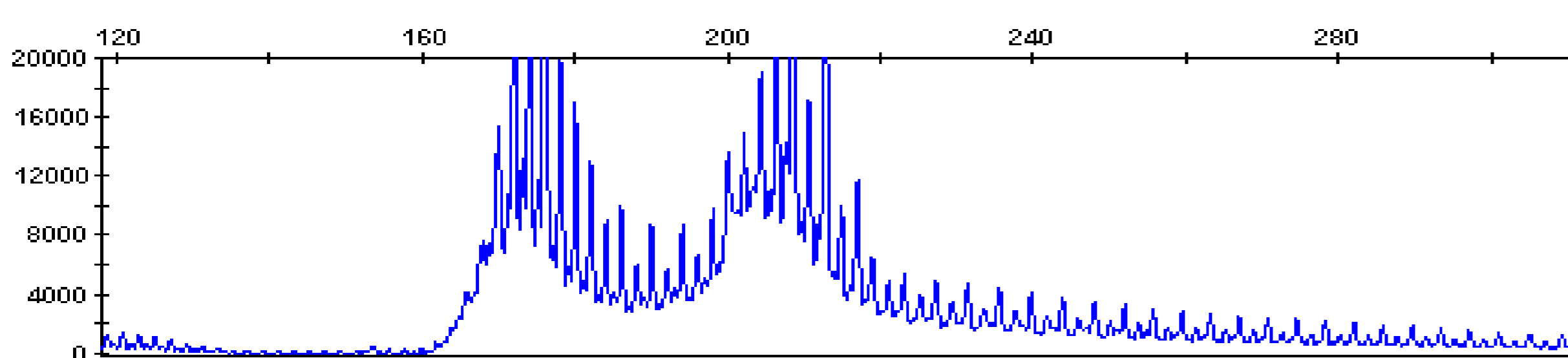
•**ENG:** sensory-motor prevalent axonal polyneuropathy.

•**Muscle MRI, brain MRI and neuropsychological tests:** normal.

•**Muscle biopsy:** normal.

•**Nerve biopsy:** chronic aspecific axonal neuropathy. Red congo stain negative.

•**24-hour Holter monitoring ECG:** severe ventricular tachyarrhythmias. He again refused prophylactic ICD pacing.



## Patient 2

27 year-old son of patient 1.

•**Symptoms:** erectile dysfunction, recurrent episodes of cold sweating, palpitations and syncopes, muscle stiffness and pain.

•**Neurological examination:** mild frontal balding, handgrip myotonia, diffuse hyporeflexia.

•**Blood tests:** CK 490 UI/l (n.v. 30-170), normal glycemia, thyroid and sexual hormones.

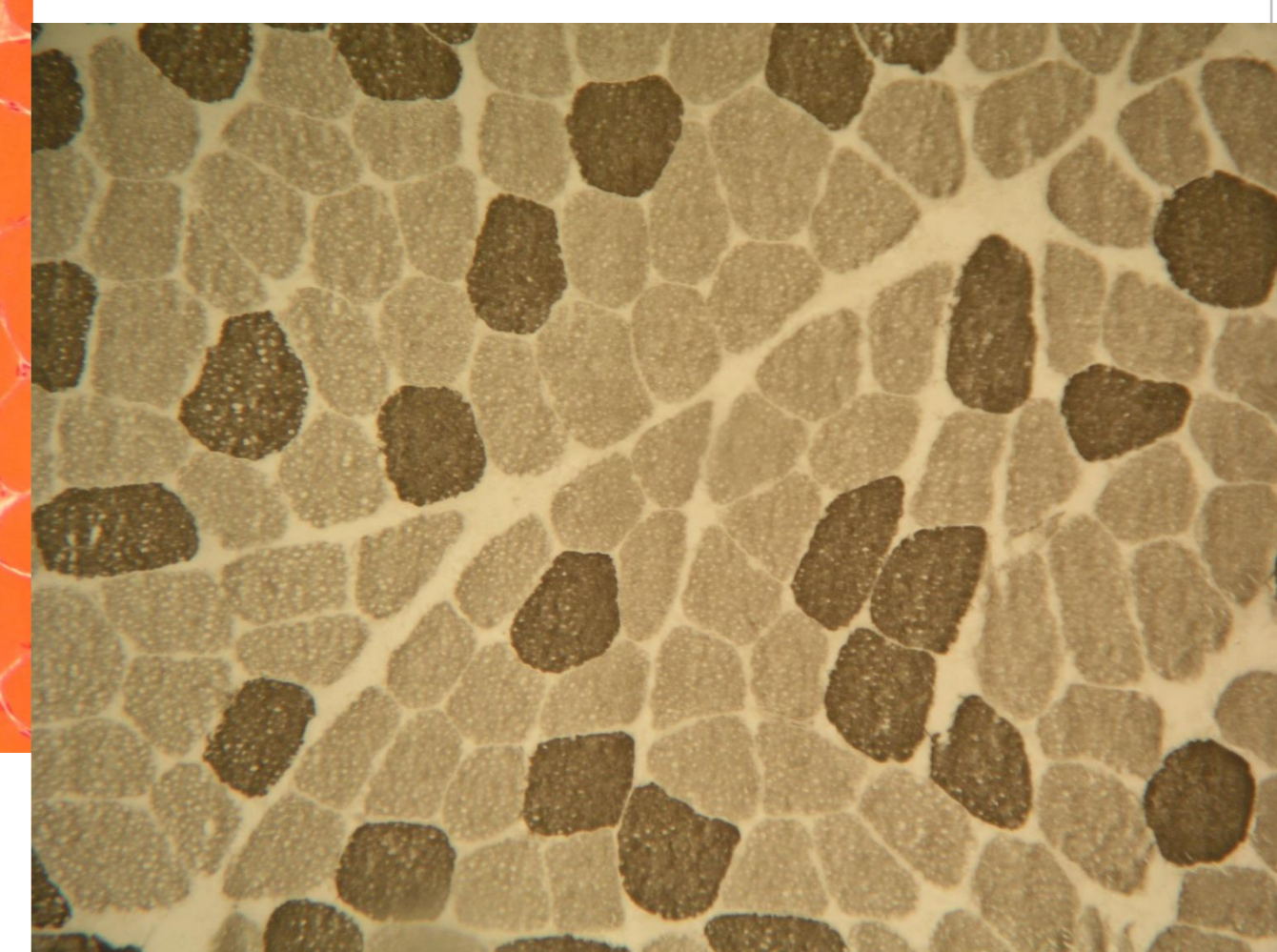
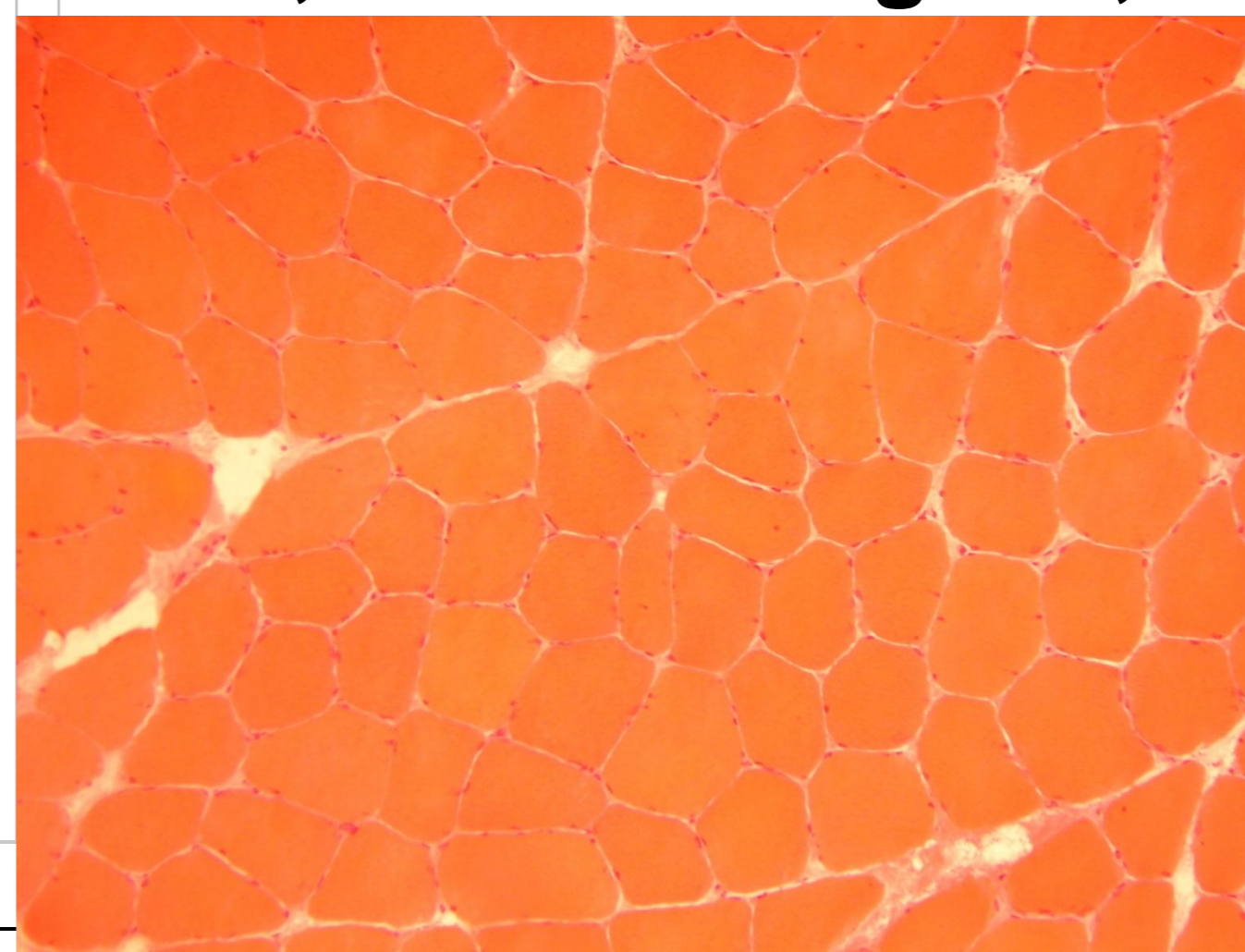
•**EMG:** pseudomyotonic discharges.

•**ENG:** sensory-motor prevalent axonal polyneuropathy.

•**Muscle MRI, brain MRI and neuropsychological tests:** normal.

•**Muscle biopsy (figures):** normal.

•**ECG, 24-hour Holter monitoring ECG, echocardiogram, cardiac MRI:** normal.



In both cases, molecular testing for **FAP**, **CMT1B** and **CMTX1** resulted negative, whereas **DM2** testing was positive.

## Conclusions

This report emphasizes that a sensory-motor mixed polyneuropathy with dysautonomic features may be part of the clinical manifestations of multisystem involvement in DM2.

## Bibliography

- Udd B, Krahe R. The myotonic dystrophies: molecular, clinical, and therapeutic challenges. *Lancet Neurol.* 2012 Oct;11(10):891-905.
- Kamińska et al. Peripheral nerve involvement in myotonic dystrophy type 2 - similar or different than in myotonic dystrophy type 1? *Neurol Neurochir Pol.* 2015;49(3):164-70.
- Reiners K. et al. Assessment of cardiovascular autonomic function in myotonic dystrophy type 2 (DM2/PROMM). *Neuromuscul Disord.* 2003 May;13(4):289-93.